SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER Vednesday the second Day of Prince Georgical Court, for Bills of Exchange, or Cop,

LOT in the Town of Upter-Marlburgh whereon is a pretty good Dwelling Heal, Brick Chimney, three Rooms on the love and above Stairs entire, but may be made wo convenient Lodging Rooms.

CHARLES GRAHAKE GEORGE LEE.

AYED from the Subscriber, near Per bacco in Charles County, on the 23d of 14 , a middle-siz'd White Horse, paces nate has a bob Tail, and a ridge Mane. Whe e is branded or not, is uncertain. Whose up the said Horse, and brings him to the iber, shall have a Reward of Twenty Shi and reasonable Charges, paid by
John Hanson, junior.

Frederick-Town, June 1761. CHEME of a LOTTERY, R raising Sixteen Hundred Pieces of Eight, or Building a CHURCH for the Resonment NISTS in Frederick-Town, Frederick County, stift of 4000 Tickets at Three Pieces of

of Prizes. Pieces of Eight. Total Valce are 4500 First drawn Ticket 40 Prizes.

Blanks. Last drawn Ticket 30 Sum raised 1600

Tickets at 3 Dollars each, are 12000

the above Scheme there are not $2\frac{1}{2}$ Blanks a Prize, and the Profits retained are not cent on the whole.

great Number of the Tickets are already the Drawing will be in Odober next, or f sooner full, in the Court-House of said of which sufficient Notice will be given

Managers appointed are, Messieurs Christolin, Stephen Ransburg, James Dickson, The-ey, Conrad Grosh, Casper Shaast, Ibonas muel Swearingen, Valentine Adam, and Kimbol, who are to give Bond, and be the for the faithful Discharge of this Trust of the Prizes will be published in this as foon as the Drawing is finished; and without any Deduction.

Seven Shillings and Six-Pence Pennsilrrency, will be received for each Piece in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same is to pass upon the same Terms in paying

s may be had of any of the Managers, e Printing-Office in Annapolis.

EREAS the Act of Assembly of this rovince, made and passed in 1733, for nd making current Ninety Thousand Pounds, spiring; The Commissioners of the Loan refore think it their Duty, to inform all have any Bonds in that Office, to come arge the same; otherwise they will be against as the Law directs. Signed per Order,

ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

RIND, at the PRINTINGmay be supplied with this th are taken in and inserted roportion for long Ones.

[Numb. 851.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, August 27, 1761.

LONDON, Jane 16.

AST Saturday came on, at Westminster Hall, a very remarkable Trial between a young Gentleman, Son to a certain great Nobleman, and a young Lady. The Action was brought for a Thousand Guineas, which the Gentleman had agreed to pay the Lady, or marry her, if she would grant him a Favour. The proper Securities being taken, and the tempting Fair one then complying, my Lord found himstelf, the next Day, so perfectly fatisfied, that he could ne ther think any more of Marriage, or entertain the tast thoughts of parting with his Money. Several Mellages having puited in Consequence of this Breach of the Contract; the Lady at last determined to prosecute her Right in due the Lady at last determined to profecute her Right in due Form of Law. Accordingly a Jury being impannelled, se-veral Witnesses examined, and the Writing produced, it was veral Wintelles examined, and the Writing produced, it was decided Non. con. that though the young Peer had made a falish Sort of a Bargain, yet, in Confideration of his having hid Velue received, he was bound by the Laws and his con Hand-Writing, to make good the promited Sum; with time Dauceurs befides, by Way of Recompence to the Lady, so having been obliged to lay her Caufe before the Public.

On Monday the great Wager between Jennifon Shaftoe, Dig and — Meynel, Efg; about one Woodcock's riding 2000 Miles in 29 Days, ended at New-market, which was won by Mr. Shaftoe by feveral Hours.

Mr. Shaftoe is faid to have laid a Wager that he rides to Miles in Four Hoars; he is to ride what Number of Hafes he choofes.

To Mills in Four Hours; he is to ride what Number of It ries he choofes.

J. R. S. The Transit of Venus was on Saturday observed by many curious Gentlemen, with suitable Apparatussers by comparing Notes, it appears, that it differed very lie from Dr. Halley's Computation; which shows the cur refection to which astronomical Observations have cared, and from thence what greater Usefulness may be expected; since it appears from the Observations, that at two Piaces, viz. one at the East, the other at the West of Lucion, the Time of the absolute Emersion was at one of ten thirty-five Minutes three Seconds after Eight, and the the thirty-five Minutes seven Seconds after Eight.

They write from France, that under the Apprehensions

They write from France, that under the Apprehensions of a Siege at Fort l'Orient the Magazine and Essects of the

They write from France, that under the Apprehensions of a Siege at Port I'Orient the Magazine and Essects of the Irea Company were removing from that Place.

By a List given in last Week, it appears that the Militia of this Kingdom already embodied, are 25,000, equal to Veterans.—An Army more than sufficient to deseat any Engast the Enemy may attempt against this Country.

The four following French Turkeymen have been taken rall dat into Leghorn by an English Man of War, viz. the Shir of J. teph Fonnier, John Joseph Chabroi, and Joseph Tounine, from St. John d'Acre for Marseilles; and the joseph, Champion Master, from Marseilles; bound for Altenacia, being all very richly laden.

Fity Transports, with English Troops on board, arrived the aist ult. in the Mouth of the Weser, from England.

Some Men of War and Transports are to sail the latter End of this Month for Quebec, with Troops and Stores.

There is no News from the East-Indies that can be deprived upon; the India Company have had fresher Advices than what came by the last Ships; but it is supposed that Pendcherry was taken in January last.

Extras of a Letter from an Officer in Cel. Morris's Regiment, dated as the Camp before Pendicherry, Ost. 17, 1760.

"We arrived in India after the finest and most pleasant Passage ever known, and happily compleated in the Space of four Months and seven Days: and tho' we called in at no

We arrived in India after the finest and most pleasant Passe ever known, and happily compleated in the Space of four Months and seven Days; and tho' we called in at no Place of Refreshment by the Way, we left not one Soldier of the whole 500 till we landed, which was the 4th of September. We lay at Cudalore one Day to rest outselves, and the next marched 21 Miles to Camp, and having pitched or Tent; entered on our Duty with uncommon Alacrity. Not hat we Time to look about us, till we had an Opportable of recommending outselves to our Superiors. For, on the third Night after our Arrival, the whole Army markel to attack a very strong Post the French had, a Macfort Poslicherry, in a thick Wood, lined with Cannon, which we entered at different Places, and attacked this stonger Dattery, consisting of seven 18 Pounders. They had several smaller Batteries, which kept an incession in the swith Grape Shot, while we could not give them a Reign.) When we come near, and had a full View of term, we reduce them. a Reum.) When we come near, and had a full View of teen, we made them ample Amends, by a full Difcharge thorr Pieces. These we instantly threw down, off with to or Fices. These we inflantly threw down, off with or functs, out with our Swords, gave them three Huzzas, riked in full Speed on the Muzzles of their Guus, which they left us in Fostellon of, by a precipitate Retreat into their Capital. This we got 17 Preces of Cannon, tho not without some small Loss on our Side, and no wonder, for the loaded Guas we frized, were filled almost to the Mouth with senate Bars of fron fix Inches long, lefter Pieces of Figed Iton, &c. In short, they have abundoned all their Redabls, and every Out-Post belonging to them, and are all now tettred within the Walls of Pondicherry; but as to but further Success 1 cannot fay, as the Monstons sona set in, which may disconcert our Meessure. I had almost forset tell you, that there is not one Officer wounded but myself, and that so fingally that 1 cm quite recovered; and an, &c.

The Names of the Forts taken are, Carrical, a regular Fortification, with a Garrifon, Chillimbrum and Vandachtlum, with a fortified Redoubt at each Angle.

They write from the Banks of the Oder, that the Russian Army had put itself in Motion in three Columns; the first is commanded by Field-marshal Butterlin, whose Vanguard is led by General Czerniches. It is said that this Corps will act against Silesia. The second Division is commanded by General Fermor, and is said to be destined for a private Expedition. The third Division, commanded by General Romanzos, will direct its Operations against Pomerania. Time will shew whether these Dispositions will take place. Mean while the King of Prussia hath detached some Thousand Men to cover the New Marche of Brandenbourg from the Invasion of the Russians, in case they should turn their

Arms that Way.

We hear that the Proposals which M. Bussy made our Ministry on his Arrival, for a Cessation of Arms ter six Months, being unexpectedly rejected, he hath sent a Courier to his Court for fresh Instructions, how to proceed in his Negociation.

They write from Hamburgh, of the fecond Inft. that by Lefters from Dantzick they had an Account that 36 Ruffian

Letters from Dantzick they had an Account that 36 Ruffian Transports, with Provisions and warlike Store; were dove assore and wrecked near that Place, in a violent Storm.

Private Letters from Berlin inform us, that the King of Pruffia, before he set out for Silesia, held a grand Council with the Margrave Charles and his Ministers. He told them, That, tired out by the present destructive War, and moved by the Calamities it had brought upon a Parts of Germany, he was absolutely determined to risk his All upon this samplements it had been also a them to them. paign, that it be the last. After this he declared to them his Intentions concerning the Succession to his Crown, and the Manner he would have his Estates governed, in case he should be cut off by a short Fit of Illness, or should fall in Rantle.

It is now faid that Sir Edward Hawke and Commodore Lord Howe, will most certainly fail with the Expedition Fleet in a few Days, on board which less than 10,000 are to be embarked.

A Camp is ordered to be marked out on Hounflow Heath. Orders are given to the Regiments that are to go on the next Expedition, to hold themselves in Readiness to embark on the first Notice.

on the sirst Notice.

Extrast of a Letter, dated September 26, 1760, in Sight of Pendicherry.

"We have here a Fleet of 15 Sail of the Line, and three Frigates, under the Command of Admiral Stevens, who Blockades this Port by Sea, whillit the Army Invests the Town by Land with 3500 Europeans, and 7020 Seappys, or Black Soldiers, who are intrenched before the Walls, having taken all the strong Out-posts of Villa Nova, Aracupong, and, in short, every Thing the French have, excepting one Place up in the Country, and this their Capital, and confined the Enemy close within their Walls.

"It was at the taking of Aracupong that Col. Monston had

and contined the Enemy close within their Walls.

"It was at the taking of Aracupong that Col. Monfon had his Thigh broke; on which Col. Coote returned to affume the Command, being before ordered to Bengal, as Toubles fill subsift in the Kingdom of Bengal, where the Shah Zadar continues to keep a tormidable Army, notwithstanding the several Repulses he has met with from the English.

"The Siege of Pondicherry will scarce commence 'til December, on Account of the rainy and stormy Weather, which always happens at the Monson Season of the Year, now near at Hand, which renders a Camp impracticable, so that our Troops will go into Cantonments during the Space

now near at realing, which renders a Camp impracticable, to that our Troops will go into Cantonments during the Space of about two Months, into the Out-pofts we have taken.

"When our Operations commence, the Squadron will bombard the Town by Sea, whilft the Army preffes it by

" Our Situation in respect to the Service of our Fleet is very critical, but Providence has wonderfully affired us in every respect in India, and every Ship destined to these Parts with Troops is arrived safe; nor have we blockaded or befieged a Place that we have not taken; and had it not been for this kind Interposition of Heaven, the French, by being three Times our Number at the Beginning of the War, must have over-run the Country; of which Conquests they made no manner of Doubt.

no manner of Doubt.

"The fortified Boundary, or Chain of Redoubts and Interchments which we carried by an Attack at Day-break, on the 10th of September, covered Pondicherry to the Land at about a Mile and a Quarter Diffance from the Walls. In this Attack we had only forty killed, and about feventy wounded; Colonel Monsion's Wound in the Beginning of the Attack it is thought, prevented some Advantages, which it is thought, prevented some Advantages, which otherwise we might have availed ourselves of, from the pre-

cipitate and confused Retreat of the Enemy.

"Our Army will open their Trenches and begin their Operations to foon as the Monfoons are over; and if the French receive no Reinforcements and Supplies, which they French receive no Reinforcements and Supplies, which they must attempt at the utmost Risque, and can get no way but by Sea in a tempestuous Season, we do not doubt but the Besteged will surrender, and when it is in our Possession, it is presumed, we shall blow up the Works, after the Example they set in the Instance of Fort St. David's. We likewise expect, after the Reduction of this Place, to sinish with Mauritius. We daily expect the Chatham and Preston. Our Fleet and Army are in general healthy, and the whole

in admirable good Spirits. Captain Richard Hoghes, of the Duke of Acquitain, is gone to Madrafs for the Recovery of his Health. It is expected at a Peace, that two or three Ships will be left in India, to keep forms of the black Princes in Awe, that are inclined to give Diffurbance and attach themselves to the French.

Ships will be lett in India, to keep tome of the plack Princes in Awe, that are inclined to give Diffurbance and attach themselves to the French.

"In regard to the Boat-Attack, take the following: On the 7th Instant, at Two in the Morning, we attacked with our Boats, a King's Frigate and an India Ship, called the Balcine and Hermione, that lay close under the Walls of Frondicherry; the Attack was made with Spirit, and the Ships brought off, notwithstanding the Optosition of the alarmed Ships Crews, as well as a very warm Fire from the Musquetry and Cannon from the Town, which are very numerous towards the Sea. The above Ships which had been blocked up some Time, pot into this Port the Beginning of the Year, which our Ships were employed in reducing Carrical, near Negopatam, to the South of Pondicherry; and as the Season was growing very precarious, and the Enemy preparing to fail off the Coast, our Boats were ordered to burn or cut them out, they being secured by Cables and Hawsers to the Shore, which made the Enterprize more difficult. When the Carrison found our Men had boarded the Ships, they paid no regard to their own People, but directed all the Guns they could bring to bear upon the Captures. It is inseated the two Prizes will be committioned for Cruisers. They are essented valuable, having a great deal of Treasure on board from the Town. In this Attack, Lieutenant Owen of the Sunderland lost his right Arm."

Another Letter, dared Oslober 16, says, "Admiral Stevens and Cornish are going in a few Days, off this Coast to Tricomally during the Monseons, which hold to December, and his Majesty's Ships America, Medway, and Liverpool, are to be left off Pondicherry, to prevent any Supplies being thrown in; which can only be attempted with the greatest Hazzard by single Ships; and we are informed that both Treasure, Money, and Provisions, are much wanted in the Islands."

Extract of a Letter from Bombay, Nov. 20, 1760.

the Islands."

Extract of a Letter from Bombay, Nov. 20, 1760.

1 Pondichery is fill blockaled by our Trops, and the Fiest urder the Command of Admiral Stevens. Some of our Alen of War's Easts have lately preked up two Durch B. an going into Pondicherry, with apreards of 20,000 l. in Cafe, and fine valuable Stress it is laid the Merry came ent in a Swedish Bottom. Two Bomb Tights are now going from Line to join the Flat, the Place being to strongly forefield, that our Ships cannot be within Can Shot of the Fort. We have received Intelligence of eight Sail of French Ships Long drained at Maurities, for examt of Provisions; the Seamen hing at an Allewance of a Pound of Bread a Day, were stood catterious, and daily plandered the Inhabitants, who were draid to the Force in their own Defines, to provent Confequences man danger. Force in their oven Definee, to provent Confequences more dange-

Mr. Godfrey's Experiment for extinguishing Fire, was tried in the House erected for that Purpose, by the Society of Arts, &c. in Marybone-Fields. The Duke of York, Prince William and Prince Henry, several Persons of Distinction, and a numerous Crowd attended on this Occasion. The House, which is of Brick, consists of three Rooms, one above another, a Staircase, Chimney, Lath and Plasser Cielings, and a Kind of Wainscotting round the Rooms, of rough Deal. At 12 o'Clock the Ground Room, and that up one Pair of Stairc, were set on Fire by lighting Faggois and Shavings lail there for that Purpose. In about fitteen Minutes three of the Machines were thown into the under Room (the Wainscot of which was then in Flames) which by their Explosion soon, extinguished the Fire, and even the Smoke soon disappeared. The like Experiment was next tried with the same Success on the middle Room, the Staircase by that Time having taken Fire. And lassly, to remove all Doubt (the Populace beginning to be distaissed, and talking of a second Bottle Conjurer) Mr. Godfrey consented to a third Experiment in the upper Room, which was entirely of Wood. The Flames were now suffered to get to a considerable Height, and even the Window Frames destroyed before the Machines were thrown in, which, however, answered as before. One Hundred and Forty of the Foot Guards attended on this Occasion.

France League at Tanlonse. First Savoyard Mr. Godfrey's Experiment for extinguishing Fire, was tried

F R A N C E.

BLOIS, THERE happened a very whimfiel Affair on the 2d Inffant at Touloufe. Four Savoyard Chimney-Swepers having finished every Thing in the Way of their Profession, and not having a Penny left to provide either Victuals or Drink, took a Refolution to lift, which they executed about fix in the Evening. The Captain gave them two Louis d'Ors a Man, but thought it necessary, by way of Precaution, to lock them into an empty Kitchen, with several Flaggons of Wine. As long as the Liquor lasted they were quiet enough, but as soon at it was exhausted, they began to think of making their Escape. They were not long in settling that Point; there was a large Chimney before them, which they mounted with their usual Dexterity, and being fairly got to the Top of the House, they there held a Council of War, in which it was unanimously resolved to go down another Chimney. The first tumbled into a great Fire, out of which he jumped, covered with Soot and Dust, into the midst of the Floor, and was immediately followed by his three Companions. The Place happened to be a Gaming House, and the Operafolution to lift, which they executed about fix in the Even-The Place happened to be a Gaming House, and the Opera-